

# The Herald and News.

VOLUME LII, NUMBER 20.

NEWBERRY, S. C., TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 1914.

TWICE A WEEK, \$1.50 A YEAR.

## THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY REACHES ADJOURNMENT

### VETOES OF GOVERNOR WERE THE LAST MATTERS.

#### Most of Appropriation Vetoes, as Well As Those On Bills, Sustained. Closing Hours.

Special to The Herald and News. Columbia, March 9.—The general assembly of South Carolina adjourned in the early hours of Friday morning, though still working in the "legislative day" of Wednesday, March 4. So that the legislature went two days, and a little over, working in one "legislative day," keeping the legislative clocks running very slowly.

The reports in The Herald and News from time to time have covered the session as fully in detail as it was possible, and closed in Friday's issue with the vetoes of Governor Blease upon the appropriation bill, which at that time were being worked upon by the general assembly. The majority of the governor's vetoes upon the appropriation bill were sustained, and the bill, as it finally passed, carries a total of about \$60,000 less than as it was ratified.

The veto by the governor of the item providing that the State librarian should be required to turn over to the State treasurer all money in her possession, and all funds hereafter received by her once a month, was sustained by the house by a vote of 54 to 42. The governor, in his veto message, stated that this provision had never been inserted in a bill before, and it seemed to him like a reflection upon the lady recently elected. The house took the same view as the governor, and sustained the veto.

The veto of an item of \$3,000 for purchasing meters and general repairing of electric lines, was sustained by the house.

Veto of item of \$1,000 for repairing heating plant at the governor's mansion was overridden by both bodies. The way the bill was worded it appeared that this was for repairing heating plant at governor's mansion, but in the argument it was urged that it was intended to repair heating plant at State house.

Veto of item of \$2,500 for preparation and printing State hand book of commissioner of agriculture was sustained by the house, and the item killed.

The veto of the item of \$3,000 for expenses, salaries, etc., board of medical examiners, was overridden by both houses.

(The other vetoes by the governor are enumerated in another column of this issue.)

#### 342 Acts—Several Vetoes.

Three hundred and forty-two acts were ratified and sent to the governor during the session of the general assembly. In the neighborhood of 20 were vetoed by the governor, and in most instances his veto was sustained. Among the more important acts vetoed by him were those providing for medical inspection of school children, and for compulsory education in Richland and Spartanburg. The vital statistics measure, providing for the registration of births and deaths in the State, is still in the hands of the governor. If he should sign it, it would become law upon his signature being attached, but he has until two days after the beginning of the next session to veto it, if he so desires.

#### Mostly Local Laws.

Most of the laws passed by the general assembly during the session were local in their nature. Of these laws, those affecting Newberry county have already been published in The Herald and News.

The two measures upon which there was the hardest fight during the session—that providing for a 2 cent flat rate on railroads, and the Fortner bill to prohibit white persons from teaching in negro schools—died on the senate calendar.

In many respects the session, during the closing days, was remarkable. The incident which caused most discussion was the delivery by the governor to the house on Wednesday night of a personal extemporaneous message.

Good-will and harmony marked the closing night of the session, and most

of the members parted with each other with feelings of fine good will.

#### The Asylum Matter.

As to what will be the final outcome of the asylum mix-up remains to be seen. A great many newspaper articles are being published as to the probable course of Governor Blease and Dr. Babcock, but so far no authorized statement, so far as is known, has been given to the public. Governor Blease has reappointed Dr. W. L. Settlemyer, of Gaffney, as a member of the board of regents. The senate failed to confirm Dr. Settlemyer's appointment, and as soon as the senate adjourned, Governor Blease reappointed him.

#### VARIOUS AND ALL ABOUT.

##### Comments and Clipping by the Local Reporter.

In the way of a coincidence we state that so soon after the mix-up in the legislature, Governor Blease was to respond to "My foot is on my native heath, and my name is McGregor," at banquet of North Carolina society in Columbia Friday night.

As Whitmire goes, so goes the governorship.—Whitmire cor. Union Times, 6th.

That so?

Measles, mumps and small pox, or as some think, chicken pox, have about subsided in Whitmire.—Whitmire cor. Union Times, 6th.

Glad to hear it. We think it is so everywhere these things have been.

Good roads make good markets.—Darlington News and Press.

They do, they surely do.

#### SEEK PROF. HAND'S RELEASE

##### Prominent Educators Go Before the Anderson College Trustees.

Anderson, March 7.—The board of trustees of Anderson college this afternoon declined to accede to the request made by a delegation of educators that this college release Prof. William H. Hand from his acceptance of the presidency. The delegation was composed of State Superintendent Swearingen, Prof. W. K. Tate, Superintendent Gunter, of Rock Hill; Superintendent Anderson, of Newberry, and Prof. Wardlaw, of the University. These gentlemen declared that they had come on their own initiative and not from Prof. Hand to ask for the release in the interest of the educational system of South Carolina.

They stated that Prof. Hand is considered the greatest high school inspector in the South, and that the general education board in New York had appropriated more money in order to retain him.

The trustees took the visitors over the college plant and convinced them that Anderson college is destined for big things and that it is going to do a big work for South Carolina. Before leaving the city the members of the delegation, while regretting that they had not accomplished their mission, declared that their visit here had opened their eyes as to the scope of the college, and that they now appreciate the great possibilities for the institution. They declared that President Hand is the right man to head the college. Prof. Hand will come to Anderson to take up duties July 1.

#### GAFFNEY ALDERMAN QUILTS.

##### Another Says He Was Offered Bribe For His Vote—Another Election To Be Held.

Gaffney, March 7.—When the new town council met and was organized last night the members were surprised at the announcement from Alderman R. C. Swofford that he would resign as a member of the body. The resignation was accepted and the council proceeded to elect W. H. Ross clerk and then adjourned until next Monday night.

When asked as to his reasons for resigning Mr. Swofford said that so much pressure had been brought to bear upon him by those whom he knew to be his friends to do things which

#### THE NEWS OF PROSPERITY.

##### The Literary Sorosis—Rook Club Entertained—Going to and Returning From Hospital.

Special to The Herald and News.

Prosperity, March 9.—Mr. Wise Calmes left Thursday for Charleston to report for duty at the Charleston navy yard.

Mr. W. A. Moseley has gone to Jacksonville for a month's stay to his daughter, Mrs. S. E. Ridgell.

Mr. C. C. Wyche, of Spartanburg, visited his father, Dr. C. T. Wyche, last Wednesday.

Dr. G. Y. Hunter has returned from a business trip to Chappells.

Mrs. Elvina Kibler has as her guest Miss Rosa Lee Suber and little brother, Howell, of Peak.

Messrs. D. H. Ham and F. E. Schumpert left today to visit the furniture factories at the following places: Lexington, High Point and Thomasville, N. C.

Miss Essie Black was taken to the Columbia hospital last Thursday, accompanied by her brother, Dr. A. L. Black, of Bowman, and Dr. J. I. Bedenbaugh.

Mrs. J. B. Bedenbaugh, of Pomaria, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Weris.

Mr. R. K. Wise spent Monday in Columbia.

Mrs. Jamison and Miss Annie Jamison, of Belton, have been visiting Mrs. W. A. Moseley.

Miss Marie Schumpert, who has been in training in the St. Lukes hospital in Jacksonville, will reach home this week for a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Schumpert.

Mr. O. W. Amick and children have returned from a short visit to Pomaria.

Miss Nettie Barnes spent the week-end in Newberry.

Mr. Jack Bryant, of Columbia, spent Sunday here.

Mr. Holland Paysinger, of Newberry, visited Mrs. J. P. Wheeler Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Willie Mae Wise and Martha Creighton were the guests Saturday of Miss Fannie Holloway, of Newberry.

Mr. J. S. Wheeler returned home Saturday from Columbia, where he had gone to bring his daughter, Miss Alda Rae, from the Columbia hospital. The many friends of Miss Alda Rae will be delighted to know she is home and doing well.

Mrs. G. W. Harmon is visiting in Carrollton, Ga.

Messrs. W. H. Barton, assistant State agent of Clemson college, W. P. Stewart, county demonstration agent of Greenville county, T. M. Mills, county demonstration agent of Newberry county, and G. D. Brown, county superintendent of education, visited the Prosperity high school on Thursday and made very interesting talks which were enjoyed both by the teachers and scholars.

Mrs. J. C. Morris has returned from a visit to relatives in Newberry.

Mr. S. A. Black has returned from the northern markets.

Miss Susie Langford spent Tuesday in Little Mountain.

The Rook club was entertained by Miss Martha Creighton on last Tuesday evening. After cards, refreshments were enjoyed by the young folks.

The Literary Sorosis will meet Friday afternoon with Mrs. W. A. Moseley.

he did not think were for the best interest of the town that he did not think that it would be best for him to remain a member of the body.

Mr. Swofford is firm in the stand which he has taken, and another election for his ward will have to be ordered.

J. D. Parris, one of the aldermen who was re-elected, has made an affidavit to the effect that he was approached by two of the citizens of the town yesterday and offered \$150 and \$100 respectively to vote for a certain candidate for chief of police. The situation is said to be without parallel in the history of Gaffney.

An almanac printed in Newport, R. I. in 1781, sold for \$525 in Boston the other day.

#### BANK EXAMINER APPOINTED

##### Position Given by Governor Blease to Col. Ivy M. Mauldin, of Pickens.

Special to The Herald and News.

Columbia, March 9.—Governor Blease has appointed Col. Ivy M. Mauldin, of Pickens, State bank examiner, succeeding B. J. Rhame, whose term had expired.

Col. Mauldin's appointment is regarded as a very happy one. He is well known and popular throughout the State, and is regarded as one of the most efficient men whom the governor could have selected. It is felt that the appointment will give general satisfaction to the bankers and to the people of the State generally.

#### CONGRESS WILL HEARKEN TO PRESIDENT'S APPEAL

Washington, March 5.—President Wilson went to congress today and pleaded for repeal of the provision of the Panama canal act which exempts American coastwise shipping from tolls. He tersely asserted that his reason for asking the repeal was because everywhere except in the United States, the tolls exemption was regarded as a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty and he further asked it in support of the administration's general foreign policy.

That the president's request will be granted there seemed little doubt tonight, despite the fact that there will be vigorous opposition both in the senate and the house. Initiative action will be taken tomorrow when the house interstate and foreign commerce committee will meet to consider the message. It was said tonight that this committee would report a bill to flatly repeal the exemption provision. In the senate today Senator Chilton, a democratic member of the interoceanic canals committee, introduced an amendment to the canal act to give the president authority to make or suspend tolls by proclamation and to prescribe tolls in cases exempted. This would put it up directly to the president to eliminate the exemption.

#### Causes Wide Comment.

Aside from the beating of today's message on the Panama tolls question, some of the phrases used by the president attracted widespread comment in congressional quarters as relating to foreign relations in general. In some quarters there was a disposition to regard some of his statements in the nature of a warning on the difficulties involved in "other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence."

Later in the day the president himself, talking with callers, explained that these phrases had no significance beyond their bearing on the need of rigorous good faith in the Panama tolls questions, as an evidence of unwavering good faith on all other questions, and that nothing critical was pending in foreign relations. But the language of the message continued to be commented upon as having an application considerably broader than the Panama question.

Three points in particular were noted:

#### Three Main Points.

First the president's statement that no communication he had addressed to congress carried "graver or more far-reaching implications to the interests of the country," second, that everywhere outside the United States the language of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was given but one interpretation; and, third, the concluding statement as to "other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence."

The president further told his callers that while he never had received any formal communication on the subject, he had understood that European nations generally took the same view as did Great Britain—that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was violated by the Panama canal act. He pointed out that in dealing with foreign affairs, nations which believed the United States did not keep a promise on so important a treaty as the Hay-Pauncefote convention would not be likely to believe the nation sincere on other delicate questions.

#### LIGHTNING KILLS ELECTRICIAN

##### Frank Sloan Electrocutted in Substation—Was Handling a Dead Wire.

The State, 7th.

Frank Amos Sloan of 2014 Gadsden street, an electrical engineer for the J. G. White Construction company, was electrocuted at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when lightning struck a wire upon which he was working in the substation of the Parr Shoals Development company at the foot of west Gervais street.

The accident occurred during the rain and thunder storm yesterday afternoon. The wire upon which he was working was not charged with electricity and the machinery was not running. J. A. Scott, coroner for Richland county, said last night that he had not held an inquest, and perhaps would not hold one.

Mr. Sloan was well known in Columbia. He was 35 years of age and is survived by his father, W. W. Sloan; his wife, who was before marriage Miss Lizzie Wilson; four children and four brothers. The brothers are: D. D. Sloan and Tarrant Sloan, of Atlanta; W. H. Sloan, assistant chief of the Columbia fire department, and Gilbert Sloan, also of this city. Mr. Sloan was a nephew of Sergt. Davis B. Sloan of the Columbia police department.

Funeral services will be held some time tomorrow, the hour to be announced later.

#### A Correction.

In writing the list of prizes for fair and field day a mistake was made about the prize for best home-made candy. That reward will be 6 pieces of sheet music given by Stieff Piano company, through Mr. Edens. The prizes from Whitmire, Little Mountain and Prosperity were obtained through the earnest efforts of Misses Alma Lupo, Elberta Sease, and Willie Mae Sadie Goggans.

#### CALLS OUT GUARD.

##### Sacramento Wrestles With Problem of Unemployed.—No Solution Has Been Reached.

Sacramento, Cal., March 7.—Sacramento wrestled all day with the unemployed problem, precipitated by the arrival here of "Gen." Kelley's army, on its way to Washington. Tonight no solution had been reached, but a company of State militia had been ordered out to guard the State arsenal and to be in readiness to answer a riot call. Companies from Orville, Stockton, Chico and Woodland were notified to hold themselves in readiness for similar service.

More than 300 recruits joined the army, which is now divided into two rival factions of almost equal strength, one obeying the orders of "Gen." Kelley and the other composed of seceders. About 14,500 men are in the two camps. Leaders of the men called at the executive mansion today and demanded of Gov. Johnson that they be supplied with food and transportation to the State line. The governor offered them work instead, and they refused, declaring they would accept no employment until they had completed the march to Washington.

No decision could be reached by city and county officials as to what disposition should be made of the army. One of the questions debated was whether or not to ship it back to San Francisco, where it started.

There were no disturbances at the rival camps, although emissaries of the seceders added to the bitter feeling by inducing a number of "Gen." Kelley's followers to desert.

Three committeemen from the anti-Kelley faction drew a sharp rebuke from Gov. Johnson when they refused work he had offered them.

"For the men who want work, I have the greatest sympathy," he said, "and I am willing to do everything I can to help them. For the men who won't work, which I understand is the principle with the Industrial Workers of the World, I have no sympathy."

"You do not present an unemployed problem. What you are presenting is a particular propaganda and asking the State to assist you in spreading the propaganda. These are not the actions of unemployed men."

#### PLANS TO SWEEP CLEAN.

##### Colquitt Will Take No Chances of Missing Kidnappers—To Ask Both Sides.

Dallas, Texas, March 6.—Gov. O. B. Colquitt of Texas will make requisition on both the federal and rebel authorities in the States of Nuevo Leon and Coahuila, Mexico, for the missing American ranchman Clemente Vergara.

Gov. Colquitt made this announcement tonight after he had received a telegram from Secretary Bryan in reply to one sent to Washington by the Texas governor asking which of the two factions the United States recognized as the constituted authority in northern Mexico.

The secretary in his telegram said the question of requisition was one of justice and not of diplomacy and concerned local authorities.

"As there are both Huerta governors and Carranza governors in the States of Coahuila and Nuevo Leon, and Secretary Bryan does not say which the federal government recognizes," declared the governor, "I will therefore make requisition on both."

Gov. Colquitt added he expected to get results but did not say from which side. Gen. Joaquin Maas, federal commander of the northern zone, notified the governor yesterday that he had ordered the arrest of the men wanted.

Four Mexicans, including Apolonio Rodriguez, has been charged with horse theft in Texas, on which the request for requisition is based. The alleged theft led to the kidnapping of the owner of the stock, Vergara, and later to his reported execution by federals.

#### ANOTHER BRITON IN TROUBLE.

##### America Urged to Help Englishman in Mexico—Prompt Steps Are Taken.

Washington, March 7.—Another British subject has got into trouble in the State of Chihuahua and the state department again has been called on to extend its protection. Sir Cecil Springs-Rice called at the state department to inform Secretary Bryan that an Englishman named Syndan had been driven away from his ranch and that his property was in danger. Secretary Bryan immediately telegraphed Consul Letcher at Chihuahua to make an inquiry. If necessary a protest will be made to Carranza or Villa.

Technically the commission charged with investigating the killing of W. S. Benton will continue in existence and Secretary Bryan said today its functions simply had been suspended.

There seems to be no present intention of returning any answer to the communication from Gen. Huerta protesting against the removal of the embargo on arms. The department would not care to risk the construction that such a response would constitute a formal recognition of the Huerta government.

Consular Agent Carothers at Chihuahua was directed by Secretary Bryan today to intercede with constitutionalist leaders in behalf of Luis Terrazas, who, press reports said, had been condemned to death unless a quarter of a million in ransom was paid by his family. The American agent was directed to use every effort to prevent the carrying out of this threat, pointing out that American tolerance might be alienated from the constitutionalist cause by such an act.

#### The Youth's Contempt.

Exchange.

At one of the New England universities there was a rather conceited undergraduate who was silly enough on one occasion to attempt to chaff a member of the faculty, who in the youth's opinion, evinced too marked a devotion to the works of Herbert Spencer.

"Do you know," the youth said to his preceptor, "I hold a contempt ofr Spencer."

"I greatly fear, young man," was the response, "that your contempt has not been bred by familiarity."